TERMs, (Coin.)

nvariably in advance All notices and advertisements intended for pub-ation should be handed in by noon on Wed-

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

M. S. WOODCOCK, Attorney and Counselor at Law. CORVALLIS : : OREGON.

OFFICE ON FIRST STREET, OPPOSITE Woodcook & Baldwin's Hardware Store, Special attention given to Collections, Foreclo-sure of Mortgages, Real Estate cases, Probate and Road matters. Will also buy and sell City Property and Farm Lands, on reasonable terms. March 20, 1879.

J. K. WEBBER.

Main Street, Corvailis, Or. DEALER IN

Stoves, Ranges,

FORCE AND LIFT PUMPS. HOUSE FURNISHING HARDWARE. Constantly on hand, the

NEW RICHMOND RANGE, Best in market. THE BONANZA COOK STOVE, Something New. And the New VECTA PARLOR STOVE.

J. R. BRYSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW

All business will receive prompt attention. COLLECTIONS A SPECIALTY.
Corvallia, July 14, 1879.

FRANKLIN CAUTHORN, M. D. PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Corvaille, Oregon. attention given to surgery and diseases Can be found at his office, in rear of ton & Co.'s drug store, up stairs,

W. C. CRAWFORD,

-DEALER IN-WATC .ES.

CLOCKS, TEWELRY, SPECTACLES, SILVER WARE,

Musicul Instruments &c

Repairing done at the most reasonables, and all work warranted. Corvallis, Dec. 13, 1877.

GRAHAH, HAMILTON & CO.,

CORVALLIS . . . OREGON.

-DEALERS IN-

Drugs, Paints, MEDICINES. CHEMICALS DYE STUFFS.

GLASS AND

DILS,

PUTTY. WINES AND L'OUGHS

-FOR MEDICINAL USE.

And also the the very best assortment of

Wall Paper and

ever brought to this place

AGENTS FOR THE

AVERIL CHEMICAL PAINT.

SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER so fi yelelane" P e-criptions fare-

JOB PRINTING.

-THE-

Gazette Job Printing House IS NOW PREPARED TO DO

Plain and Ornamental Printing,

Our motto shall be, prompt and fair dealing with all. Call and examine our stock, before going elsewhere. Satisfac-tion guaranteed. Corvallis, May, 12, 1879.

VOL. XVIII. CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

Corvallis Gazette.

HOMES !

Corvallis todge No. 14, F. & A. M.

CHENOWETH & JOHNSON,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

CORVALLIS, OREGON.

SILEY & WOODWARD.

P. O. BUILDING, CORVALLIS, OREGON.

Have a complete stock of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OIL,

BLASS, LTC., ETC.

School Pooks stationeny, &c.

We buy for Cash, and have enoise of the PRESHEST and PUREST Drugs and Medicines the market affords.

Prescriptions accurately prepared at half the usual rates. 2May 16:18tf

AUGUST KNIGHT.

Cabinet Maker.

UNDERTAKER,

Cor. Second and Monroe Sts.

CORVALLIA . . OREGON.

Keeps constantly on hand all kinds of

FURNITURE

COFFINS & CASKETS

Work done to order on short notice and at reas

J. W. RAYBURN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

CORVALLIS, 1 : OREGON.

OFFICE-On Monroe street, between Second and

Special attention given to the Collection Notes and Accounts 16-1tf

J'MES A. YANTIS.

Attorney and Counselor at Law

CORVALLIN, . . . OREGON.

G. R. FARRA, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

OFFICE-OVER GRAHAM & HAMILTON'
Drug Store, Corvallis, Oregon. 14-26tf

Woodcock & Baldwin

(Successors to J. R Bayley & Co.) KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND AT THE

Heavy and Melf Hardware,

Manufactured and Home Made

Tin and Copper Ware,

Pumps Pipe, Etc.

FARM MACHINERY.

of all kinds, together with a full assort-ment of Agricultural Implements. Sole Agents for the celebrated

ST. LOUIS CHART ROLKS OVES

the BEST IN THE WORLD. Also the

Norman Range, and many other patterns, in all sizes and styles.

Particular attention paid to Farmers' wants, and the supplying extras for Farm Machinery, and all information as to such articles, furnished cheerfully, on applica-

No pains will be spared to furnish our customers with the best goods in market, in our line, and at the lowest prices.

WOOKCOCK & BALDWIN.

RANG . 8. ETC

TOOLS, STOVES.

IRON, STEEL,

Corvallis, Jan. 1, 1877.

Apothecaries.

and

standing cordially invited to attend. By or W. M.

A CHENOWETH.

September 4, 1879.

Druggists

CORVALLIS, OREGON, FRIDAY, APRIL 1, 1881.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS. Rupture

Holds stated Communications on Wednesday or or preceeding each full moon. Brethren in goo I HAVE FARMS, (IMPROVED OR UNIM-

FARMS I

Barnum Ledge No. 7, I. O. O. F. Meets on Tuesday evening of each week, in their hall, in Fisher's brick, second story. Members of the order in good standing invited to attend. By order of N. G. FOR SALE These lands are cheap.

Soldiers of the late rebellion who have, under the Soldiers' Homestead Act, located and made final proof on less than 160 acres, can dispose of Write (with stamps to prepay postage).

R. A. BENSELL, Newport, Benton county, Oregon. 61:24f. H. E. HARRIS One door South of Omham & Hamilton's,

CORVALLIS, . . OREGON. GROCERIES. PRO VISIONS.

-AND-Dry Goods. Corvallis, Jan. 3, 1878.

DRAKE & GRANT. MERCHANT TAILORS.

CORVALLIS. - . . OREGOA. WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE and well selected stock of Cloth, viz: West of legiand Broad cloths, rench assimeres, cotch Tweeds, and American -uiting

Which we will make up to order in the most approved and tash onable styles. No pains will be s; ared in producing good fitting garments.

Parties wishing to purchase cloths and have them cut out, will do well to call and examine our stock.

DRAKE & GRANT.

Corvallis, April 17, 1879.

16:16tf

Boarding and Lodging. Philomath, Benton Co . Oregon. GEORGE KISOR.

eling public that he is now prepared and in readiness to keep such boarders as may choose to give him a call, either by the CLE MEAL, DAY, OR WEEK. Philomath, April 28, 1879.

CORVALLIS

Livery, Feed

... AND ...



Main St., Co val is, Oregon.

SOL. KING. - Porpr.

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURT of the State. Special attention given to unatters in Probate. Collections will receive pompt and careful attention. Office in the Court cuse. 16:1tf. OWNING BOTH BARNS I AM PREPARED to offer superior accommodations ery line. Always ready for a drive, GOOD TEAMS DR F. A. VINCENT.

DENTIST. At Low Rates. My stables are first-class in every respect, and CORVALLIS . "REGON. competent and obliging hostlers always

OFFICE IN FISHER'S BRICK — OVER Max. Friendley's New Store. All the latest improvements. Everything new and complete. All work warranted. Plea e give me a call.

15:3tf ready to serve the public. REASONABLE CHARGES FOR HIRE. Particular attention Paid to Boarding

ELEGANT HEARSE, CARRIAGES AND HACKS FOR FUNERALS Corvallis, Jan. 3, 1879.

EMMETT F. WREEK REES HAMLIN.

DRAYAGE! DRAYAGE

Hamlin & Wrenn, Propr's

HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM Salem with a new truck, and having leased the barn formerly occupied by James Eglin, we are now prepa ed to do all kinds of DRAYING A-D HAULING either in the city or country, at the lowest living rates. Can be found at the old truck stand. A A good Tinner constantly on hand, and all Job Work neatly and quickly done. Also agents for Knapp, Burrell & Co., for the sale of the best and latest im-Corvallis, Dec. 27, 1878.

J C. MORELAND. (CITY ATTORNEY.) ATTOR VEY AT JAW

PORTLAND. OFFICE-Monastes' Brick, First street etween Morrison and Yamhill. 14:38t

THE STAR BAKERY HENRY WARRIOR, PROPRIETOR Groceries, Bread. Cakes, Pier Family Supply Store

Cervallia, Jan. 1, 1877.

CURED.

Frem a Merchant.

DAYTON, W. T., Feb. 10, 1879.

W. J. Horne, Proprietor California Elastic Truss Co., 702 Market street, San Francisco—Sir. The Truss I purchased of you about ene year ago has proved a miracle to me. I have been ruptured forty years, and worn dozens of different kinds of Trusses, all of which have ruined my health, as they were injurious to my back and spine. Your valuable Truss is see asy as an old shoe and is worth hundreds of dollars to me, as it affords me so much pleasure. I can and do advise all, both ladies and gentlemen, afflicted, to buy and wear your modern improved Elastic Truss imme distalv. I neyer expect to be cured, but am astisfied and happy with the comfort it gives me to wear it. It was the best \$10 I ever invested in my life. You can refer any one to me, and I will be glad to answer any letters on its merits.

I remain, yours respectfullly,

D. B. BUNNELL.

Latest Medical Endorsements.

MARTINEZ, Cal., Feb. 17, 1879.

W. J. Horne, Proprietor California Elastic Truss Co., 702 Market street, S. F.—Sir: In regard to your California Elastic Truss, I would say that I have carefully studied its mechanism, applied it in practice and do not hesitate to say that for all purposes for which Trusses are worn it is the best Truss ever offered to the public.

Yours truly, J. H. CAROTHERS, M. D.

Endorsed by a Prominent Medical Insti-

SAN FRANCISCO, March 6, 1879.

W. J. Horne, Esg.—Sir: You ask my opinion of the relative merits of your Patent Elastic Truss as compared with other kinds that have been ested under my observation, and in reply I frankly state that from the time my attention was first called to their simple, though highly me chanical and philosophical construction, together with easy adjust bility to persons of all sizes, ages and forms. I add this testimony with special pleasure, that the several persons who have applied to me for aid in their especial cases of rupture, and whom I have advised to use yours, all acknowledge their entire satisfaction, and consider themselves highly favored by the possession of one of the improved Elastic Truss.

Yours truly, BARLOW J. SMITH, M. D. Proprietor Hygenic Medical Institute,

Proprietor Hygenic Medical Institute, 635 California street, San Francisco A REMARKABLE CURE.

W. J. Horne, Proprietor California Elastie
Truss, 702 Market street, San Francisco—Sir: I
am truly grateful to you for the wonderful CURE
your valuable truss has effected on my little boy.
The double truss I purchased from you has PERFECTLY CURED him of his painful rupture on
both sides in a little over six months. The steel
truss he had before I bought yours caused him
oruel torture, and it was a happy day for us all
when he laid it aside far the CALIFORNIA ELASTIC TRUSS. I am sure that all will be thankful RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE TRAV-TIC TRUSS. I am sure Is also prepared to furn sh horse feed. Liberal share of public patronage solicited. Give us a trial. You may refer any one to me on this subject. Yours truly, WM. PERU, 638 Sacramento Street.

This is to certify that I have examined the son of Wm. Peru, and find him PERFECTLY CURED of hernia on both sides.
L. DEXTER LYFORD, M. D.,

Surgeon and Physician. Trusses forwarded to all parts of the United States at our expense on receipt of the price.

send Stamps for Hustrated Catalogue and Giving full information and rules for measuring.

California Elastic Truss Co. 702 Market Street S. F.

HALL'S SAFE AND LOCK CO.

CAPITAL \$1,000,000. General Office and Manufactory, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Pacific Branch 211 and 213 California St., San Francisco CHAS, H. DOOD & CO., PORTLAND, Agents for Oregon and Washington Ter

HALL'S PATENT CONCRETE FIRE-PROOF SAFES

Have been tested by the most disastrous confis Have been tested by the most disastrous conflagrations in the country.

They are thoroughly fire prof.

They are free from dampness.

Their superiority is beyond question.

Although about 150,000 of these safes are now in use, and hundreds have been tested by some of the most disastrous conflagrations in the country, there is not a single in-take on record wherein one of them ever failed to preserve its contents perfectly.

HALL'S PATENT DOVETAILED

BURGLAR-PROOF

irglars or roblars.

Hall's burglar work is protected by letters itent, and his work cannot be equaled lawfully. His patent bolt is superior to any in use.

His patent locks cannot be picked by the most experts or burglars.

one of the greatest improvements known,
ross Automatic Movement, our locks are Gross Automatic Movement, our locks are sted without any arbor or spindle pussing igh the door and into the lock. Our locks cannot be opened or picked by bur-glars or experts, (as in case of other locks), and we will put from \$1,000 to \$10,000 behind them any time against an equal amount.

THEY ARE THE BEST SAFE Made in America er, any other country. One Thousand Dollars

Patent Burglar-Proof Safes has ever been broken open and robbed by burglars up to the present time. G. W. POOL, TRANELING AGENT.

ee with C. H. Dodd & Co., Portland, Oreg

Europe's Biggest Family.

The Paris banking firm of Rothschild Brothers expired by limitation on the last day of September. It was reconstructed on the same day for twenty-five years. Its capital is fixed at 50,000,000 francs (\$10,000,000), contributed equally by the three partners, Mayer Alphonse James de Rothschild, No. 2 Rue Saint Florestin Guetava Samuel Lores de

James de Rothschild, No. 2 Rue Saint Florentin; Gustave Samuel James de Rothschild, No. 23 Avenue Marighy, and Edward James de Rothschild, No. 23 Rue Lafitte.

The Rothschilds, when they received their patent of nobility, adopted as their device the words "Industria, integritate, et labore." More than three-quarters of a century have elapsed since they assumed this motto, and they have always acted up to it. Each member of the house not only works for the comthe house not only works for the com-mon good, but is remarkable for his per-

sonal merits. The head of the French branch of the family is Baron Alphonse de Rothschild, He is the fianancier of the family, and the faith ul continuer of the traditions of his father, the late Baron James. He is an indefatigable worker-up earlier than most of his clerks, and one of the first to enter the office. He takes his lunch in the bank, and never leaves it till the doors are closed. He possesses an intel-lect at once cool and luminous; he sees a situation at a glance, and all the advantages to be derived from it. He has not only the temperament of a financier, but the science of finance. In Paris he is fond of walking about the streets, and he may be seen on foot, not only when he leaves the bank, but after dinner, or after leaving a party. He does not care for show, and no passer-by is attracted by the splendor of his equipages. In the country he hunts and shoots, more for the sake of his health than from any passion for the chase. His wife, a beauty, with temperament of an English woman, is a more ardent follower of the sports than he is; is constant in her attendance at race meetings, and may be seen in the spring mornings, however late she may have left the ball, galloping in the Bois. She is a devoted patroness of the theatre, and is one of the grandes of Parisian high life. But while associating with them she never imitates their lux-

is the wife of her cousin, A. Rothschild. of Vienna. The second daughter, Beatrix, is said to promise both grace and beauty. The son is still young.

Baron Gustave looks after the external

relations of the banking house. He is less cold and reserved than his brother Alphonse, and is a conspicuous member of Jockey Club where he is a most determined player. His wife said that her husband's losses at the club for one year was 100,000 crowns. "Be thankful," said the old lady whom she was addressing, the old lady whom she was addressing,
"a passion for the queen of spades will
not disturb the house of a Rothehilds."
Baroness Gustave, like all other ladies of
the Rothschild house, is well acquainted
with the larger transactions of the
house. The late Emperor once visited
the chateau of Farries, celebrated nowas
having been the Prussian King's headquarters. The male members of the firm quarters. The male members of the firm received their guest, and Baroness Gustave had for that day the firm's signature. Baron Edward cared little for the fluctuations of Bouse. He is a bibliophile enrage. The rivalry between him and Duke d'Aumale for possession of rare works has raised the price of curious or ancient editions. With such buyers in the market there is no chance now of the the market, there is no chance now of the humble bibliomaniacs finding a treasure. Baron Edward is not a selfish collector. He supplies means and encouragement for publication of rare editions, and he is a great connoisseur in bindings. His wife, Adalaide, was one of the Prussian Bothschilds.

Charlotte the sister of these three brothers, was, by a custom not unusual among continental Jews, married to her uncle, Baron Nathaniel. Her eldest son James, who is married to another cousin Terese, has been called lately to the bar. He has even held a brief in Court, and he lost his case with the best grace in he lost his case with the best grace in the world. He is usually regarded as the probable successor of his uncle Alphonse, whose industry he shares, and whose teachings he follows. A younger brother, Althur, is a man of generous and lively disposition. He values his wealth for the pleasures it procures for him and his friends. He tries his hand at everything. He is an officer of artillery in the territorial force, a post obtained only by severe examination; he is a passionate hupter and an ardent yachts. a passionate hupter and an ardent yachtsan. He has the finest yacht in France. Two years ago he projected an expedition to the East, and enrolled as companions of his travels a number of artists. He has written a "Historie de la Poste," an \$20,000.

The mother of the two Rothschilds ast mentioned, the Baroness Charlotte, and her mother, the Dowager Barone James, are really the greatest figures in the family. The latter held a considerathe family. The latter held a considerable place in society during the reign of Louis Philippe. Her grace and tact brought the Foubourg St. Germain into the Salons of the Rue Lafitte, and opened the door of the most aristocratic mansions to her children. Her personal attachment to the Queen Marie Amelie, and her devotion to the House of Orleans prevented her from ever coming to terms with the Court of the Taileries under the Empire. She underwent last under the Empire. She underwent last year an operation for cataract, and the expressions of sympathy which she received from all quarters prove the esteem in which she is held. All the grand traits of her character are found in her daughter Charlotte. For fifteen receives the devoted pures of her years she was the devoted nurse of her blind and paralyzed husband. As a widow she consecrates herself to her children. She is a lover of art, and no widow she consecrates herself to her children. She is a lover of art, and no mean artist. Some of her water-colors exhibited at the Salon were much admired, and her house is always open to the masters of literature and of art. Like her mother, she is the patronness of innumerable charities well known to the public. In secret deeds of charity she

is equally indefatigable, and many an aristocratic family could not hold its position in the world if it were not for the generosity and discretion of Charlotte Rothschild. The Baroness Salomon was early left a widow, and still wears her weeds. Her daughter, an only child, is the richest heiress of the Rothschilds. She has a passion for horses, and is as skillful and intrepid a

NO. 14.

coachwoman as the Queen of Belgium.

Baron Adolphe was the head of the house at Naples. He wound up its affairs and now lives in Paris, a simple rentler. He is seen everywhere; in the theaters, the studios, the fashionable salons, his blonde beard is always visible. His wife, a particular friend of the late Queen of the two Sicilies, had a salon at Naples which possessed great political importance. At present her Paris salon in the Rue de Monceau has an ultra aristocratic air. Like all of her name, she is nobly generous, and has estab-lished an ophthamic hospital in the val-ley of the Rhone for patients of all re-

Only one of the Continental branch of the family has abandoned the religion of her ancestors. This is the young Duchess Alexandrine de Gramont, one of the Frankfort Rotschilds. Love proved more potent than family traditions.

deen a webster man and voted for him for President, but any man that will write a dictionary and leave out such a common word as equinomical can't have my vote any more."

"I want to see the villain who wrote

Our Disappearing Forests

In an address by the President of the Lumbermen's Exchange, he said that at the present rate of destruction of our great pine forests for manufacture into marketable lumber, it will require but a comparatively short period before these grand stretches of timber will have been completely exhausted. Twenty years, at the farthest, will see this result, unless some preventive method be adopted. Oh the criminal carelessness bordering upon crime of our authorities, our Congresses, and our State Legislatures, whichever is responsible, who allow this this process of depletion, of destruction, of ruin, to go on year after year, without any let or hindrance. When the central portions of this continent became the abode of the while man, it was one of the most grand and imposing possible, because of its grand "forests primeval," spared by even the savage tribes,

ury of dress or their pretensions to originality. Her dresses are always simple, and her jewels never indicate the treasure of which she is mistress.

Baron Alphonse has three children.

The eldest, Bettina, passed her "examens d'institutrice" at the Hotel de Ville and long ago the very houses they built were left to stand alone, not a tree left to windward of them as a baracade against the whistling and howling northwest winds of Winter, or the blood chilling storms from any other quarter. Long since the beginning of the present century those native forests were ruthlessly destroyed, not by the axe of the woodman merely, but by fire, for the blank purpose of destruction. This might not not have been altogether so indefensible had means been

resorted to for the purpose of keeping portions of the country still covered by its natural clothing, as in some other countries where every man who cuts down a forest tree is obliged to plant two or more young trees to supply the loss, and so keep the country from being rendered treeless, and perhaps uninhabitable, because of the droughts resulting from the destruction of the forests, the natural promoters of rainfall. As in New England, so nearly everywhere else within the United States territory, this process of denudation has proceeded. As our population has proeeded inland and westward, the forests have dwindled before them. They destroy, but do not reproduce forests. A similar process has been going on in the South, more particularly since cotton has become king. While slavery existed the idea of preserving forests was con-sidered foolish. The planters did not think it worth while even to preserve the soil any more than the forests; but when one plantation failed through constant cultivation without any effort for preserving the soil, then an attack upon the forest was made, and the firebrand fol-lowed the axe, or proceeded it, and a new cotton field took the place where the grand old oaks, beeches, magnolias, ma-ples and other trees, had stood, and the old plantation, reduced to "red earth," was left to desolation or the slow process of nature.

Westward the brand of fire and the woodman's axe took their way, and a similar result followed and is following still. The Western States and Territories are being despoiled of their native forests, those grand bequests of nature, the entailed wealth of her treasury. The statement accompanying the announced address of the Lumbermen's Exchange gives the amount of receipts at Chicago during the last year, as being one billion five hundred and sixty-four millions feet of lumber. How long can our forests withstand the continual supply of such an enormous demand as that, and that has written a "Historie de la Poste," an excellent monograph, and he has formed s collection of postage stamps valued at ing on. Already some of our finest forests have disappeared, and only the stumpage remains to show where the grand old forests stood. A comparatively few years ago the tops of Contra Costa hills were covered with a fine growth of trees. They long ago disappeared. The mining operations in Nevada and elsewhere have played havoer the statement of the Nevada and elsewhere have played havoe with vast areas of woodland and left in their stead only desolation. In Oregon, in Washington Territory, it is the same story, doubtless, so in all the new States and Territories, and not even the land yet remaining in Government possession is spared by the vandals of destruction. Our Government makes but a feeble effort to preserve even its own timber, by an occasional prosecution of timber thieves, and these are scarcely found guilty and sentenced ere a Presidential pardon sets the criminal free for further destruction. Governments, States and destruction. Governments, States and National, should at once take this most important subject into earnest attention and saving action.

The Corvallis Jazette

RATES OF A DVERTISING					
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insertion.

Transient Advertisements, per square of 12 lines.

Monparell measure, \$2.50 for 5.8: and \$1 for each subsequent insertion—in ADV ANCE.

Legai advertisements charged as transient and must be paid for upon expiration. No charge for publishers affidavit of publication. Yearly advertisements on liberal terms. Professional Cards. (1 Square) \$12 per annum.

ALL SORTS.

"If I punish you," said a mamma to her little girl, "you don't suppose I do so for my own pleasure, do you?"
"Then whose pleasure is it for, dear mamma?

A Galveston widow is about to marry her fifth husband. Her pastor rebuked her for contempting matrimony so soon again. "Well, I just want you to understand if the Lord keeps on taking them, I will, too," was the spirited reply. The other day Delegate Cannon, the Mormon Representative, was asked in a bantering way, by a member of Congress, how many wives he had. "I have enough to keep me from interfering with the wives of other men," was Can-

non's quick rejoinder. "Judge," said a Western lawyer, "isn't e-q-u-i the way to spell equinomical?"
"I think so," said the Judge, "but I'll look it up in Webster's Diclionary."
He fumbled over the pages for five minutes and then said in heat: "Well, I've been a Webster man and voted for him

"I want to see the villain who wrote this article. Where's the proprietor of this paper?" "He's out." "Where's the managing editor?" "He's out."
"Where's the city editor?" "He's out." "Where's the reporter?" "He's out."
"Where'm I?" (Rickety-slam-bang-jam! Two panes of glass broken.) "You're out." Man found on side-walk and carried to hospital. Verdict: Struck by lightning. Still, they will do it!

A father's pride: A colored man who is pretty well off has had his son educated for the ministry. Last Sunday the Galveston Blue-Light Colored Tabernacle was crowded to hear the young man preach his first sermon. It was a splen-did effort and the father of the young exhorter was as happy as a clam in thirty feet of water. The day after he was asked by a friend how he liked his son's sermon. "How does I like it! Why dat ar boy preaches like de berry debbel his-self." Atmospheric influences: Two of the

foreign soldiers who came to Galveston to take part in the Mardi Gras procession were conversing last night about Galveston, its climate and natural advantages. Finally one of them said: "Did you find it very warm yesterday?" "No; I didn't think it was warm." "I didn't ets, when I found about \$20 in silver I had there had all melted away." "I reckon that must be the atmospheric influences we heard so much about."

Gilhooly as an equestrian: Gilhooly hired a pony the other day to take a little exercise on. He got all the exercise he exercise on. He got all the exercise he wanted, and as he limped to the edge of the sidewalk to rest himself after taking so much exercise a kind friend asked him: "What did you come down so quick for?" "What did I come down so quick for? Did you see anything up in the air for me to hold on to?" True philanthropy: Mrs. Magoffin had

been reading in the newspapers of a man who died, leaving a young and attractive widow to whom he devised his entire wealth. "Now, that's what I call true "philanthropy," she remarked, removing her spectacles and looking at her husband as if she expected to be contradicted. "Why so?"he asked. "Because he left his property in such a way that he left his property in such a way that some other man will be sure to enjoy it,"

Miss Janetta B. Hart, a successful teacher, has announced herself a a can-didate for superintendent of schools in Washington county, Pennsylvania, saying: "I do not ask for the office as a matter of charity or chivalry because I am a woman, but wish to come before the directors of the county as a man would come, resting my case on such evidence as I may be able to furnish of my character, education and experience an an instructor."

A Texas Idea of Justice.

Some time since a Mr. Hough, an emigrant from Michigan, was arrested in Texas for alleged illegal voting. His wife, in writing to friends in this State about the arrest and subsequent ill-treatment of her husband, said: "He never talked politics, but was very much injured by taking the Detroit Post and Tribune." The Examiner, a Democratic paper of Waco, Texas, a town near Mr. Hough's residence, publishes, in a late issue, what it styles "the facts." In this the statement is made that Mr. Hough resided and voted in McLennan county resided and voted in McLennan county for some time, but that last year a new county was laid out, the boundary line of which ran through Hough's farm; and it is further alleged that his house lies in the new (Falls) county, and not in the old, but that notwithstanding this fact Mr. Hough voted, as he had always done in McLennan county. Even if it done, in McLennan county. Even if it is true that his house is in the new county, his act was a mistake such as any man is liable to make, and it is admitted that he only voted in one place. Hough himself, however, claims that his house is in the county he voted in, and the records show that he has paid his personal taxes there. The Exminer denies that the arrest was caused aminer denies that the arrest was caused by his being a Republican, or that the re-fusal of any person to bail him arose from the same cause. It further asserts that the "Democratic party has never attempted to bulldoze" anyone. But the Examiner overturns the entire fabric of this defense by the paragraph: "In the community where Mr. Hough lived, it is true, he is very unpopular, and the main cause of this unpopularity is because of his mouthing disposition and his ever dabbling into politics and

and his ever dabbling into politics and criticising the South and her statesmen." And this, no doubt, explains it all.
Mr. Hough would "dabble in politica"
and would foolishly persist in believing
that as an American freeman he had a